### 2019 CERTIFICATION<sub>30 PM 2: 17</sub>

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Pullin Water Association

0340913 + 034003/

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

man	a copy of the CC	R and Certification to the MSDH. Please check a	II boxes that apply.	
	Customers were	informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach co	opy of publication, water	bill or other)
		Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy	of advertisement)	
		On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
		☐ Email message (Email the message to the	address below)	
		☐ Other		
	Date(s) custon	ners were informed: <u>6/30/2020</u>	/ /2020 /	/2020
	CCR was distri	buted by U.S. Postal Service or other direc	t delivery. Must specify	other direct delivery
	Date Mailed/D	Distributed:/		a a
	CCR was distrib	outed by Email (Email MSDH a copy)	Date Emailed:/	/ 2020
		☐ As a URL		(Provide Direct URL)
		☐ As an attachment		
		☐ As text within the body of the email messa	ge	
4	CCR was publish	hed in local newspaper. (Attach copy of publish	hed CCR or proof of pub	lication)
	Name of News	spaper: The Oxford &	agle	1122
	Date Published	i: 61 171 30	V	
	CCR was posted	in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted:	/ / 2020
CEIDT	CCR was posted	on a publicly accessible internet site at the following coater.	owing address: em/wp-content b/punkin/-2.pd	t Provide Direct URL)
I here above and co	by certify that the	CCR/has been distributed to the customers of this principalities methods allowed by the SDWA. I further comparing the water quality monitoring data provided to water Supply	ertify that the information in	cluded in this CCR is true
7	TIMA		6/30/20	<u> </u>
Name	Title (Board Presid	dent, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)		Date

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Fax: (601) 576 - 7800

\*\*Not a preferred method due to poor clarity \*\*

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

# 2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 2020 JUN 16 AM 5: 04 Punkin Water Association PWS ID#: 0360013 and 0360031 June 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Punkin Water Association have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jason Butts at 662.816.1871 or 662.832.5946. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday each month at 6:00 PM at the Lafayette County Chancery Building, Supervisor's Meeting Room, 300 North Lamar Blvd., Oxford, MS 38655.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#:								
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2019	.0241	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.1	0	ppm	1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2019	.116	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	2	1	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	50000	32000 - 50000	PPB	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfect	ion By	-Product	s		=	7.7		
Chlorine	N	2019	1.2	1 – 1.5	Mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

PWS ID#:	03000	<b>)</b> 1		TEST RESU	LIS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (	Contai	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2019	.0091	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.2	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2019	.124	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019	57000	No Range	PPB	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Volatile O	rganic	Contan	inants					
66. Ethylbenzene	N	2019	.562	No Range	ppb	700	700	Discharge from petroleum refineries
76. Xylenes	N	2019	.001703	.000634001703	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories discharge from chemical factories
Disinfectio	n By-P	roducts	8					
81. HAA5	N	2017*	15	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2017*	19.8	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2019	1.3	.7 – 1.4	ppm	0	MDRL =	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Punkin Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We request our customers help us to protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

## INKIN WATER ASSOCIATION D. Box 114, Oxford, MS 38655 ITURN SERVICE REQUESTED,

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YPE OF	METER RE	ADING	USED	CHARGES		
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IMPORTANT INFO ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER IS AVAILABLE IN 2019 CCR REPORT AT www.punkinwater.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/punkin-1-2.pdf

FOR HARD COPY, CALL 662-832-5946

PUNKIN	WATER	ASSOCIA	ATION

cus	TOMER	DUE DATE
HOOTE	ACCOUNT	PAST DUE AFYER THIS DATE
1	367	7/15/20
TOTAL DUE	UPON RECEIPT	PAST DUE AMOUNT
(23	.38)(CR)	

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

vice	From	5/25/20	020 TO 6/27/2020	ACCOUNT	367	6/29/20
NTH	READ	CLASS	TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT	LATE CHARGE AFTER DUE DATE	1.77	PAST DUE AMOUNT
	27	1	(23.38)			

LISA D CARWYLE 08 CR 217 OXFORD MS 38655-9256

U CAN NOW PAY BY CREDIT CARD AT NKINWATER.COM

mailed 6/30/20

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#### STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF LAFAYETTE

Rebecca Alexander, being duly sworn, on oath says she is and during all times herein stated has been an employee of The Oxford Newsmedia publisher and printer of the The Oxford Eagle (the "Newspaper"), has full knowledge of the facts herein stated as follows:

 The Newspaper printed the copy of the matter attached hereto (the "Notice") was copied from the columns of the Newspaper and was printed and published in the English language on the following days and dates:

#### 06/17/20

- The sum charged by the Newspaper for said publication is the actual lowest classified rate paid by commercial customer for an advertisement of similar size and frequency in the same newspaper in which the Notice was published.
- 3. There are no agreements between the Newspaper, publisher, manager or printer and the officer or attorney charged with the duty of placing the attached legal advertising notice whereby any advantage, gain or profit accrued to said officer or attorney

Rebecca Alexander, Publisher

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th Day of June, 2020

Rebecca dexander

Mary Jo Estridge



Mary Jo Eskridge, Notary Public State of Alabama at Large My commission expires 03-05-2022

Account # 186754 Ad # 1062327

PUNKIN WATER ASSOCIATION PO BOX 114 OXFORD MS 38655

Punkin Water Association — PWS ID#: 0360013 and 0360031

Whi're shased to present to you this year's Annual Grailly Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services are deliver to you breny day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of clining water. Yet want you cannot be about the expert of the efforts we make the conclinedly histories its water transmissing too and appendable supply of clining water. Yet want you cannot the equality of your water. Our water secures is from well-drawing the making the cannot be a committed to access the present the secures. We are committed to answering the quality of your water. Our water secures is from well-drawing the constanting transmission and the secure of the s

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We routlenly monitor for continuous and in your sticking water according to Federal and Staff lews. This table below lists all of the directory and the second of the second staff of the second st

	Via ption	Date	Lavel	Range of	Unk	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Contaminant	YEN	Collected	Delected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Menggum- ment			
narganic Cont	teminants	-					Hiller	
10. Barium	N	2019	.0241	No Range	ррт	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes, the charge from motal refineriest ero- arge of natural deposits
14. Gopper	N	2015/17*	.1	a .	ppm	1.3	AL=1,3	Compains of https://doi.org/ systems; prosion of natural deposits; leaching from word preserva- tives
16, Fluosida	N	2019	,115	No Range	ррлч	4	4	Eresion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong tents; discharge from fertilizer who aluminish factories
17. Lead	N	2015/171	2	1	ррь	0	AL=15	Correlate of household plumbing systems, crosion of natural depos is
Sodium	И	2018	50000	32000-50000	PPB	0	0	Road Sab, Water Treatment Chemicals Water Solteners and Sewage Effuents,
Disinfection B	y-Product	is .						
Chlorina	N	2010	1.2	1 1.6	Mg/I	0	MORL = 4	Water additive used to contro microban
Most rocerd san	ple. Ita an	mble required t						
	F			PW8 IDR 0360		_	MCL	Likely Source of Contemination
Continuntant	Visialion	n Date Collected	Level Delacted	Range of Deletis of # of Samples Eveneding MCL/ACL	Unit Measuro- meni	WCfG	MCL	DIREIT SECURES OF CONCENSIONAL
Inorganic Cor	terninant	5					-33 # All (-3-5)	## ###################################
10, Barium	N	2019	.0091	No Range	ʻobw	2	2	Diagharge of drilling wastes; dis charge from motel refineries, ero sion of matural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	2	D	ррт	1.3	AL=1.3	Correction of household plumbing systems; excelor of natural de- posits; leaching from wood pre- servatives
16, Fluoride	N	2019	.124	No Range	рунп	4	4	Eroston of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strang teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17, Laad	N	2015/17*	1	0	дръ	C.	AL=16	Correction of household plaints ing systems, studen of natura deposits
Spdium	N	2019	57000	No Range	Bed	0	O	Road Sali, Water Treatmen Chamicole, Water Softeners and Sowage Efficients.
Votatile Organ	le Centa	minunts						
66. Ethylban- zene	_	2019	.562	No Ranga	ррь	700	700	Discharge from petroleum refin eries
76. Xylenos	N	2019	.001703	.000634- .001703	bbpp	מו	10	Discharge from petrolaum faciliories; discharge from stirmics fackuries
Disinfection f	By-Produc	its		WHO STATE				
81. HAA5	N	2017*	15	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Preduct of drinking water dis infection.
B2, TTHM Tiplet tribate	N	2017	19,8	No Range	bbp	D	60	By product of drinking water chic struction.
methanes)	1			4	100			

\*\*Most resent sample. No sample sequent of 2019.

As you can see by the table, our system had no Moletions, We're proud that your drinking water insets or exceeds all Federal and State of ments. We have learned through our maintaing and testing that sense capitaminants have been detected, however, the EPA has detected the contract of the contract o

me people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general opposition, immunit-compromised parameters are non-soft names under undergaged personal employees and make the product of the parameters and the parameters are not soften, and industry out her parameters are the product of the parameters are the product of the parameters are the product of the parameters are the parameters are